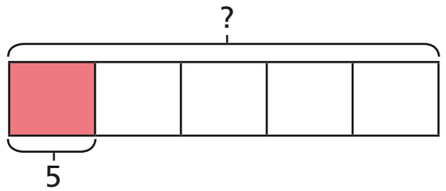
Calculate quantities

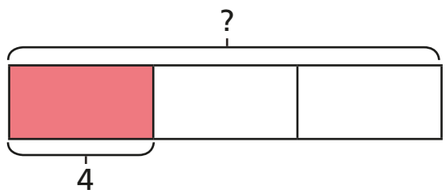
1 Match the calculations to the bar models.

Work out the missing quantities.

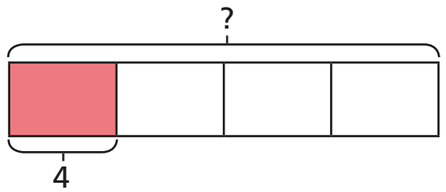
$\frac{1}{4}$ of ☐ = 5



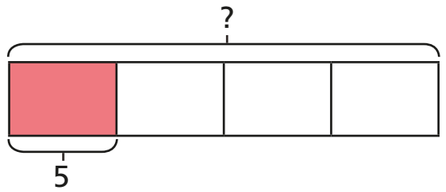
$\frac{1}{4}$ of ☐ = 4



$\frac{1}{5}$ of ☐ = 5



$\frac{1}{3}$ of ☐ = 4



2 Complete the sentences.

a) When one fifth is 1, the whole is ☐

When one fifth is 10, the whole is ☐

When one fifth is 20, the whole is ☐

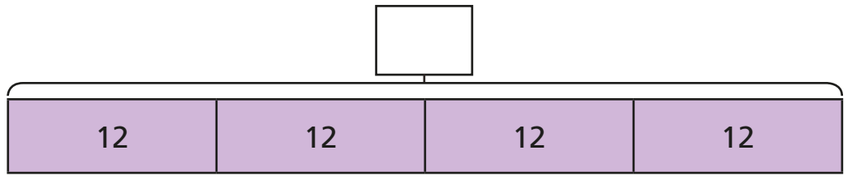
b) When $\frac{1}{7}$ is 2, the whole is ☐

When $\frac{1}{7}$ is 4, the whole is ☐

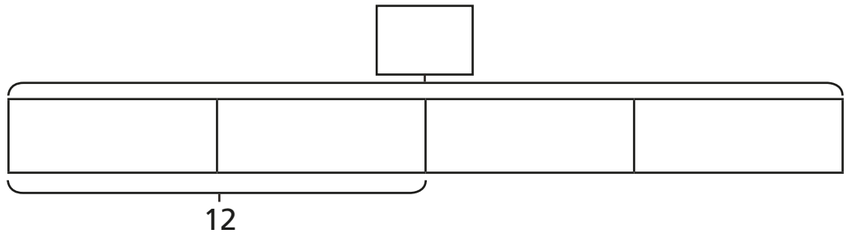
When $\frac{1}{7}$ is 8, the whole is ☐

3 Complete the bar models and fill in the whole.

a)



b)



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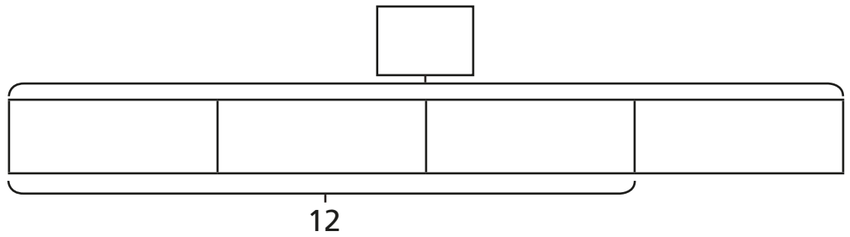
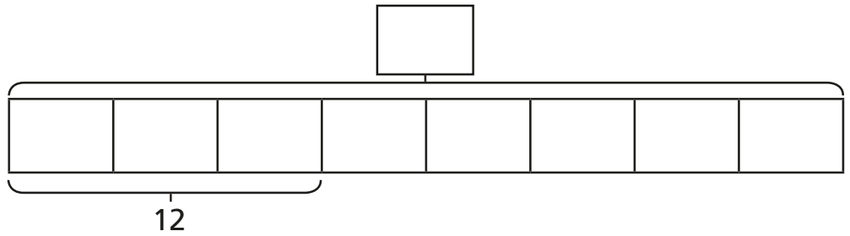
c)



d)



4 Complete the calculations.

a) $\frac{1}{2}$ of ☐ = 30

b) $\frac{1}{2}$ of ☐ = 15

c) $\frac{1}{4}$ of ☐ = 15

d) $\frac{3}{4}$ of ☐ = 15

e) $\frac{3}{7}$ of ☐ = 15

f) $\frac{5}{7}$ of ☐ = 15

g) $\frac{5}{7}$ of ☐ = 35

h) $\frac{7}{5}$ of ☐ = 35

5 Dora and Mo have a full bottle of juice.

Dora drinks $\frac{2}{5}$ of the juice.

Mo drinks $\frac{1}{5}$ of the juice.

There is 150 ml of juice left in the bottle.

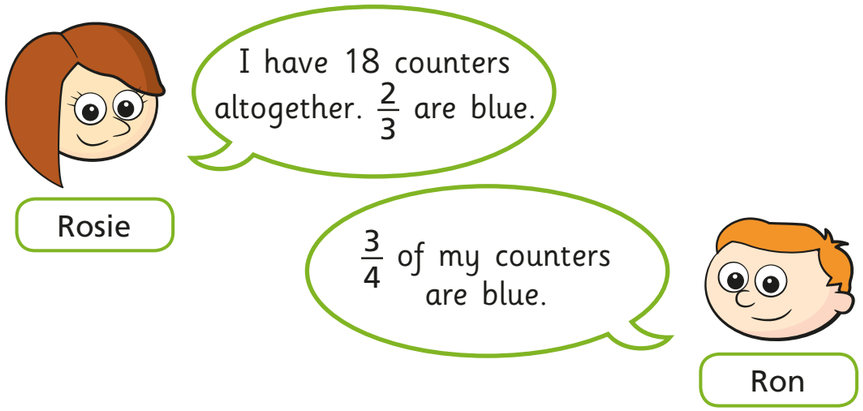
How much juice was in the full bottle?

☐ ml

6 Rosie and Ron are collecting red and blue counters.

They have the same number of blue counters.

They have a different number of red counters.



a) How many counters does Ron have altogether?

☐

b) How many red counters do they each have?

Rosie has ☐ red counters.

Ron has ☐ red counters.

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