

Monday 8th June

LO: To use verbs and adverbs.

Verbs

A verb is a word used to describe an action, state or occurrence. Verbs can be used to describe an action, that's doing something. For example, like the word 'jumping' in this sentence: The rabbit was <u>jumping</u> in the field. They can also be used to describe a state of being, that's feeling something. For example, the word 'likes' here: The monster <u>likes</u> rollercoasters.

Or a verb can be used to describe an occurrence, that's something happening. For example, the word 'became' in this sentence: The caterpillar <u>became</u> a butterfly.

Adverbs

An adverb is simply a word that describes a verb (an action or a doing word).

• He ate his breakfast quickly.

The word 'quickly' is an adverb as it tells us how he ate (the verb) his breakfast.

Where to place adverbs?

Adverbs can come before or after a verb.

- He 'quickly' ate his lunch.
- He ate his lunch 'quickly'.



Task

Up level the sentences below by changing the verbs and adverbs in them. Use the bank of examples on the next page to help you but feel free to use some of your own too.

- 1 They found some treasure eventually.
- 2 The Pharaoh walked slowly towards them.
- 3 Alex was happy to quickly escape the mummy.
- 4 Suddenly, a funny looking cat, with no hair jumped out at them.
- 5 It was like they were sitting on a rollercoaster, speeding quickly through the pyramid!
- 6 The children felt tired after quickly walking so far.
- 7 "Why are you shouting noisily in my pyramid?" said the Pharaoh.

Verbs

Movement	Voice	Objects	Emotion	Senses	Thought
bounce stroll carry stumble collapse tap crawl throw dance trudge dash turn drive walk hit wander hop wave hurry wind jump zoom leap pull push roll rotate run shake	giggle hum laugh rap scream shout sigh sing sob talk whisper yawn	bend break burn control fold melt mend mould open repair smash snap stretch throw twist	admire bawl blubber cry despair frown grin laugh love sigh smile smirk tremble weep wince worry	caress eat feel hear lick listen observe smell sniff taste touch	comprehend conceive contemplate daydream dream evaluate lament meditate ponder reflect speculate think visualise wonder
skip sneak spin split	More change identify suggest	locate	design plan select	focus prevent terminate	find report visit

Adverbs

When? How much? How? How often? Where? angrily hungrily afterwards always above almost anxiously inquisitively again annually around completely cautiously irritably before constantly away entirely beforehand below little cheerfully joyously daily courageously loudly early hourly down much crossly madly lately monthly downstairs rather cruelly merrily never never everywhere totally defiantly nervously occasionally here now very doubtfully inside quickly often often More useful elegantly sadly punctually once outside adverbs enthusiastically safely recently regularly there foolishly shyly soon repeatedly ир additionally sometimes upstairs frantically solemnly then fittingly gently weakly today usually wherever insufficiently gladly well tomorrow yearly appropriately gracefully wildly yesterday hence happily suitably consequently however therefore